Appl. No. 09/426,791 Amendment dated April 8, 2005 Reply of Office Action dated October 20, 2004

Amendments to the Claims:

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for reducing cardiovascular disease complications in a patient following surgery comprising the step of: administering to the patient a pharmacologic eardiovascular agent <u>B1-adrenergic blocking agent prior to or during surgery</u>, or immediately after surgery, and daily thereafter until symptoms of cardiovascular stress are reduced or the patient is discharged from the hospital wherein the agent is administered near the maximum effective dose of the agent while the patient's heart rate is greater than or equal to 65 bpm, while and the patient's systolic blood pressure is greater than or equal to 100 mm Hg, and while the patient evidences no congestive heart failure, third degree heart block, or bronchospasm.
- 2. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1 in which the agent is administered daily in the period after surgery until hospital discharge.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 2 in which the agent is administered daily in the period after surgery for at least three days.
- 4. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 2 in which the agent is administered daily in the period after surgery for up to seven days.
 - 5. (Cancelled)
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 51 in which the β_1 -adrenergic blocking agent is atenolol.
 - 7-4. (Cancelled)
- 15. (Original) The method of Claim 1 in which the patient suffers from coronary artery disease.
- 16. (Original) The method of Claim 1 wherein the patient is at risk for coronary artery disease.
 - 17-49. (Cancelled)

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- 50. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1 in which the patient has had previous vascular surgery or has at least two of the following cardiac risk factors: older than 65 years, hypertensive, current smoker, serum cholesterol level of at least 6.2 mmol/L, or diabetes mellitus.
- 51. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1 in which the agent is atenolol and the maximum effective dose is about 100 mg/day orally or about 10 mg BID intravenously.
 - 52. (Cancelled)
- 53. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 52 1 wherein the agent is administered daily for six months following surgery.
- 54. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 52 1 wherein the agent is administered daily for eight months following surgery.